

**AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION**

Please replace the second full paragraph bridging pages 13 and 14 with the following amended paragraph:

Male rats were anesthetized with urethane. To each rat, tracheal and femoral vein cannulas were inserted. After midline abdominal incision, the ureter on either side was ligated and cut at the proximal end of the ligated portion. After the urethra was ligated, a cannula was inserted into the urinary bladder through the top of the bladder dome. Through a three-way connector, warmed saline was instilled to adjust the intra-bladder pressure to about 10 cmH<sub>2</sub>O. The other end of the bladder cannula was connected to a pressure transducer, and intra-bladder pressure was measured. Three mg/kg of midodrin hydrochloride was injected through the femoral vein cannula. Ten minutes after the midodrin hydrochloride injection, tamsulosin hydrochloride (~~5 mg/kg~~ 5 µg/kg, iv) or compound 1 (~~10 mg/kg~~ 10 µg/kg, iv) was intravenously injected, and the decreasing effect by single administration of each drug was evaluated. Next, 15 minutes after administration, compound 1 (~~10 mg/kg~~ 10 µg/kg, iv) was intravenously injected to the animal treated with tamsulosin hydrochloride (~~5 mg/kg~~ 5 µg/kg, iv) to evaluate the combinational effect. At the last, ~~10 mg/kg~~ 10 µg/kg of isoproterenol was intravenously injected, and the maximum decreasing effect was set as 100%. As a result, as shown in Figure 1, the effects decreasing the intra-bladder pressure were 26%, 37% and 74% by tamsulosin hydrochloride alone, compound 1 alone and the combination of tamsulosin hydrochloride and compound 1, respectively.